

# Hillside High School

Wade Deacon Trust

A Commitment to Excelence

Wade Deacon Trust



















(Science)

"Excellence in the Heart of the Community"

ל ל	5	Biology	Chemistry	Physics
age 3 ptors			Key Knowledge Skills and Understanding for Key Stage 3 What do students know and what can they do?	

#### **Digestion**

Justify why some organisms have different energy requirements using data

#### **Breathing & Respiration**

- Evaluate implication for organisms of aerobic and anaerobic respiration based on reactants and products.
- Evaluate data on the effects of exercise, asthma and smoking.
- Evaluate the bell-jar model to demonstrate inhalation and exhalation.
- Evaluate effects of recreational drugs on individuals and a fetus.

#### **Plants & Photosynthesis**

- Discuss factors that could limit rate of photosynthesis.
- Discuss the importance of limiting factors on economics e.g. farmers producing food.
- Evaluate whether or not the risk to biodiversity warrants the use of pesticides, fertilisers etc.

#### Periodic Table/Metals & Non Metals

- Link group number and electron structure to explain the patterns of reactivity for Group I and Group 7 in the Periodic Table.
- Analyse data to identify trends in Groups and predict properties of an unknown element.

#### **Chemical Reactions**

- Compare the reactions of different metals when they react with oxygen, water or acids.
- Explain the changes in energy of an endothermic and exothermic reaction by linking to the energy required to break bonds compared to making bonds.

#### **Electricity**

**Physics** 

Explain the electrostatic force attraction by the induction of charge.

#### **Magnets & Electromagnets**

· Explain why the geographical north pole of the Earth is actually a magnetic south pole.

#### **Heating & Cooling**

- Suggest why thermal insulators work.
- Evaluate strategies to reduce energy transfer.
- Compare the heat capacity of various materials

#### Electricity, Energy Transfer & Cost

• Re-arrange an equation to calculate Kinetic, Gravitational Potential and Elastic Potential Energy.

#### **Speed & Acceleration**

• Use gradients from a velocity and distance/time graph to calculate distance or speed.

#### Method

**Scientific skills** 

- Make more complex and quantitative predictions using scientific knowledge and understanding. Use this to write a detailed plan, identifying key variables that enables the collection of accurate and reliable data.
- Explain how control variables will be monitored.

#### **Recording results**

- · Create a results table with all appropriate headings.
- Record data with a high degree of precision and accuracy.

#### **Graphs**

- Independently draw a line graph complete with a suitable linear scale.
- Extend lines of best fit in order to extrapolate further numerical data.

#### Conclusion and evaluation

- · Evaluate the reliability of methods in detail.
- Suggest further questions that may arise from results of investigations and data analysis and evaluation.
- Compare data from experimental results obtained with other sources.

culum is all about power. Decisions about what knowledge to teach are an exercise of power and therefore a weighty ethical responsibility." Taking

Curriculum Seriously' - Counsell, C (2018)

Key	Knowledge Skills and Understanding for Key Stage 3
	What do students know and what can they do?

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	Biology	Chemistry	Physics	Scientific skills
1	Inheritance & Variation	Acids & Alkalis	Work	
	Discuss the roles of Watson, Crick, Franklin and Wilkins in discovering DNA's structure.	Describe the difference between concentrated and diluted solutions.	Apply knowledge to explain the work done and changes of energy on deformation.	
	Suggest the importance of predicting inheritance.	Earths Structure	Waves – Light	
/	<ul> <li>Evaluate the use of genetic modification.</li> <li>Evolution</li> <li>Evaluate the use of conservation methods in preserving biodiversity.</li> <li>Consider the implications of Darwin's theory of evolution on the accepted theory at the time (creationism).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Link the formation of rocks together to describe and explain the rock cycle in detail.</li> <li>Compare properties of sedimentary, metamorphic and igneous rock making links to the process by which the rocks were formed.</li> <li>Compare the chemical and physical properties of ceramics.</li> <li>Climate &amp; Earths Resources</li> <li>Discuss the social, environmental and financial implications of high carbon emissions.</li> <li>Evaluate whether global warming is the result of man made or natural cycles of activity.</li> <li>Analyse the advantages and disadvantages of recycling making references to particular schemes e.g. plastic has charges</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explain refraction with reference to particles and the speed of light.</li> <li>Link the equation for speed, to the application of sound waves.</li> <li>Universe</li> <li>Discuss how models of the universe have changed over time.</li> <li>Justify why theories about the organization of the universe may change again in the future.</li> </ul>	
		plastic bag charges.		

Key Knowledge Skills and Understanding for Key Stage 3	
What do students know and what can they do?	

## Digestion

**Biology** 

- Calculate energy requirements of a healthy diet.
- Explain the role of digestive enzymes and how plants gain their nutrition.
- Investigate factors that affect enzyme activity.

#### **Breathing & Respiration**

- Compare/contrast aerobic and anaerobic respiration.
- Describe applications of respiration, such as fermentation and write word equations for both types of respiration.
- Explain how ventilation occurs with reference to pressure changes and lung volume.
- Explain adaptations of structures in human gas exchange system.
- Link adaptations of the human gas exchange system to their functions.

## Periodic Table/Metals & Non Metals

Chemistry

- Explain patterns between elements in the same group
- Explain why Mendeleev made the changes he did when developing the modern Periodic Table.
- Discuss how various scientists contributed to the development of the periodic table.

#### **Chemical Reactions**

- Explain why mass is conserved during changes of state and chemical reactions.
- Explain how collisions are random and must be successful in order for a reaction to occur.
- Explain how metals and non-metals react with water, oxygen and acid, using symbol equations where appropriate.
- Explain the conditions and uses of neutralisation, combustion, thermal decomposition, oxidation, displacement and the reaction of metals and acids.

#### **Electricity**

**Physics** 

- Explain the difference and reason for electrical current and electron flow.
- Discuss resistance in terms of conductors and insulators.
- Link conduction and insulation with atomic structure.
- Suggest applications for materials of higher or lower resistance.
- Explain static electricity in terms of movement of electrons.
- Discuss applications of static electricity.

#### **Magnets & Electromagnets**

- Find the shape of a magnetic field.
- Describe how magnetic induction works.
- Explain attraction and repulsion in terms of the direction of magnetic field lines.
- Suggest applications for electromagnets.

#### Method

Scientific skills

- Select and apply appropriate sampling techniques.
- Explain the importance of sampling techniques.
- Evaluate risks and hazards to plan a safe scientific investigation.
- Create a detailed and valid method which takes into account key variables and enables the collection of accurate and reliable data.

#### **Collecting results**

- Can accurately make and record observations and measurements using rounding and decimal points.
- Repeat investigations to calculate a mean.
- Identify anomalous results and effectively handle anomalous results when calculating means.
- Explain the importance of units in table headings.

#### **Graphs**

- Independently draw a line of best fit.
- Identify anomalous data.

## Inheritance & Variation Represent variation in graphical

**Plants & Photosynthesis** 

Explain how the structure and

organisation of plant tissues is

this supports photosynthesis.

Explain why life on Earth

depends on plants.

related to its function and how

**Biology** 

explain the role of gene banks in conservation. Describe the roles of DNA.

form after collecting data.

Apply knowledge of genetics to

- genes and chromosomes in heredity.
- Describe the difference between dominant and recessive alleles.
- Use a Punnet square to predict how genes can be inherited by offspring.
- Describe how a product can be genetically modified and give examples of such products.

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## Acids & Alkalis

Chemistry

Explain the agricultural importance of salts.

#### **Earths Structure**

- Explain the factors that may affect the appearance and properties of sedimentary, metamorphic and igneous rocks.
- Explain how uplift provides evidence of the rock cycle.

#### **Climate & Earths Resources**

- Explain how metals can be obtained from metal oxides using carbon.
- Discuss the efficacy of recycling.
- Suggest methods to conserve
- resources. Consider some environmental, social and financial advantages or
- disadvantages to recycling. Suggest methods to reduce the level of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere and explain why carbon dioxide
- reduction is important. Analyse and suggest factors that need to be taken into account when deciding whether extraction of a metal is practical.
- Use scientific principles to suggest suitability of energy resources.

  needed to be exerted by e.g. a about what knowledge to teach are an exercise unitable weight therefore a weighty ethical responsibility." Taking

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## **Heating & Cooling**

**Physics** 

Key Knowledge Skills and Understanding for Key Stage 3 What do students know and what can they do?

- Explain expansion in terms of particles.
- Explain radiation in terms of waves and convection, in terms of particles.
- Explain the effect of temperature on the motion and spacing of particles.

#### Electricity, Energy Transfer & Cost

- Calculate electrical power and energy transferred by a device.
- · Calculate the cost of electricity.

#### **Speed & Acceleration**

- · Interpret distance-time graphs to calculate speed.
- Create a distance/time graph.

#### **Moments**

- Explain how simple machines multiply force.
- Calculate the size of a moment.
- Explain effects of opposite moments.
- Re-arrange the moments equation to calculate the force

## · Write reasoned explanations of

Conclusion and evaluation

Scientific skills

- the conclusion based on the experimental data. Describe how to improve
- accuracy, precision, repeatability, reproducibility and objectivity.

Knowledge Skills and Understanding for Key Stage 3
What do students know and what can they do?

#### Evolution

**Biology** 

Explain how variation and environmental pressures lead to evolution.

#### Cells

- Explain why multi-cellular organisms have adapted organ systems to aid diffusion.
- Compare the structure of eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells.
- Calculate the magnification or true size of an object using standard form.
- Suggest factors which affect the rate of diffusion.
- Explain the adaptations of plant and animal cells, describe diffusion and the function of organelles.
- Explain the importance of cell differentiation.

#### **Movement**

- Explain how antagonistic muscle pairs bring about movement.
- Suggest how artificial parts may affect an individual.
- Describe the role of bone marrow in the production of red blood cells

#### Atoms, Elements & Compounds

Key

Chemistry

- Represent chemical reactions using balanced symbol equations.
- Explain the differences in properties of different materials with reference to their structure and link uses to their properties.
- Explain how chemical formulae is determined by the type and number of elements.

#### Particle Model

- Explain factors that affect the rate of diffusion.
- Apply knowledge of physical changes and particles in explaining Brownian motion
- With reference to particle theory, describe how gases form pressure.
- Explain how pressure in gases may change.
- Explain how changes of state relates to the energy of particles using particle diagrams (melting, freezing and boiling).
- Explain changes of state with reference to the energy of particles
- Compare solids, liquids and gases with reference to density difference.

#### Waves - Light

**Physics** 

- Describe the superposition.
- Explain why light is a transverse wave.

**Scientific skills** 

- Explain how we see different colours found within white light.
- Explain dispersion with reference to wave speed.
- Compare light waves and waves in matter.
- Explain the effect of filters on coloured light.
- Describe how pinhole cameras, eyes and convex lenses work.
- Compare how eyes and cameras process light.
- Explain how colour blindness occurs, with reference to rod and cones.

#### Waves - Sound

- Explain how sound travels with reference to particles.
- Explain why sound is a longitudinal wave, with reference to the direction of vibrations and energy.
- Describe how sound waves transfer information if converted to electrical signals.

<del>Curriculum is all about power. Decisions about what knowledge to teach are an exercise of power and therefore a weighty ethical responsibility."'Takin Curriculum Seriously' – Counsell, C (2018)</del> **Biology** 

Key Knowledge Skills and Understanding for Key Stage 3 What do students know and what can they do?

#### **Human Reproduction Separating Mixtures** Discuss the impact of Suggest some applications for making maternal lifestyle on fetal substances impure. Identify pure and impure substances development. from data. **Plant Reproduction** Describe dissolving, with reference to particles. Explain how simple techniques for Discuss the importance of insect pollination to human separating mixtures work. food security. Explain how plants rely on

pollination by wind and insects

biodiversity would have on a

Explain how seeds are adapted

Evaluate impact of humans on

reference to accumulation of

Explain how population sizes affect other populations in

Explain how toxic materials

can build up within a food

terms of competition and

other organisms, with

for effective dispersal. Link

this to competition from

and the impact a loss of

food chain.

parent plants.

Interdependence

toxic materials.

predation.

chain or web.

Chemistry

**Physics** 

**Pressure** • Use calculations of density to predict whether an object will float or sink. Explain how pressure in liquids results in upthrust, allowing some objects to float. • Explain the effects of pressure in terms of particles. Discuss applications of changing pressure. **Forces** Discuss applications of friction. Calculate the resultant force. • Interpret resultant forces and use this to predict motion. • Re-arrange an equation to calculate the weight of an object. Explain why weight can vary but mass remains unchanged. Calculate extension of a spring. Justify suggestions about suitability of energy resources. Compare non-renewable and

**Scientific skills** 

- **Energy Stores**
- renewable fuels and their pros and cons.

Biology	Chemistry	Physics	Scientific skills
		<ul> <li>Evaluate energy efficiency.</li> <li>Discuss how all materials have a store of energy inside them.</li> <li>Explain what happens to energy stores as energy is transferred by an object referring to useful and dissipated energy in a system.</li> <li>Compare energy resources and efficiency.</li> <li>Describe the basic principals surrounding a motor.</li> </ul> Universe	
		<ul> <li>Explain how light and heat energy travel to Earth from the Sun.</li> <li>Explain how the different seasons occur with reference to the tilt of the Earth and proximity to the Sun.</li> <li>Explain the difference between a calendar and a lunar month.</li> <li>Explain why hours of sunlight and average temperatures change throughout the seasons.</li> <li>Apply knowledge of the seasons in the northern hemisphere to explain why the southern hemisphere experiences seasons differently.</li> <li>Explain how light years are calculated and how we can use the light year as a relative distance when comparing an objects location within the universe.</li> <li>Explain why the position of the Earth in relation to the moon affects the appearance of the moon on Earth.</li> </ul>	

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# - Securing + (Projected Grades 3 - 5 at GCSE)

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## Biology

**Digestion** 

## Chemistry

#### Electricity

**Physics** 

Descriptors of Key Knowledge Skills and Understanding for Key Stage 3
What do students know and what can they do?

#### Method

Scientific skills

- Describe the role of food groups and explain the consequences of unbalanced diet.
- Describe the main stages of digestion.
- Describe how to perform 4 food test procedures.
- Identify factors that can affect the rate of enzyme activity and describe how the body maintains optimum conditions for enzymes.
- Calculate and compare energy values of food.
- Describe what coronary heart disease is, identify factors that increase risk of CHD, and describe interventions to treat coronary heart disease.

## Breathing & respiration

- State that respiration releases energy from food.
- State the difference between aerobic and anaerobic, in terms of oxygen requirements and reactants and products.
- Label a diagram of the gas exchange system.

- Periodic Table/Metals & Non Metals
- Describe that elements with similar physical and chemical properties are grouped together.
- Describe Mendeleevs contribution to the periodic table.
- Describe that elements with similar physical and chemical properties are grouped together.
- Describe the patterns of reactivity for Group I and Group 7.

#### **Chemical Reactions**

 Describe the difference between chemical and physical changes and can simply describe different types of chemical reaction.
 State that during chemical reactions

atoms are rearranged in order for

- reactants to become products and name some ways to speed up chemical reactions.

  Describe the role of catalysts
- Describe the role of catalysts.
- State that mass is conserved during changes of state and chemical reactions.

  Describe neutralisation, combustion,
- thermal decomposition, oxidation, displacement and the reaction of metals and acids as examples of chemical reactions.

- Identify the direction of current flow.
- Describe the flow of current in parallel circuits.
- Describe how to connect an ammeter and a voltmeter within a circuit.
- Describe p.d. in a parallel circuit.
- Describe the effects of increased resistance.
- Calculate current or resistance using an equation.
- Describe electrostatic forces as affecting objects inside the electric field of a charged object.
- Explain why objects attract or repel.

#### **Magnets & Electromagnets**

- Describe Earth and compasses as examples of magnets
- Describe temporary and permanent magnets, and strength and distance of field lines.
- Show the direction of magnetic field lines.
- Describe how to make an electromagnet and increase its strength.

dependent and control variables) in an investigation.
Identify risks and describe safety

Identify variables (independent,

- Identify risks and describe safety precautions.

  Write a basic method and
- Write a basic method and follow a teacher instructions to use appropriate techniques and apparatus.

#### Recording results

- Accurately make and record observations and measurements where a table layout has been provided.
- Record data using rounding and decimal points.
- Accurately name products when recording data.

#### Graphs

- Accurately plot data on a scale.
- Label axes with units.
- Present data using a bar chart.
- Present experimental data using a scatter graph.

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Descriptors of Key Knowledge Skills and Understanding for Key Stage 3 What do students know and what can they do?			
Biology	Chemistry	Physics	

•	Describe what happens to key
	respiratory organs during
	inhalation and exhalation.

- Describe the impact of exercise, asthma and smoking.
- Describe the effects on health and behaviour when an individual takes recreational drugs.

#### **Plants & Photosynthesis**

- Describe leaf adaptations including the role of stomata, and state the word equation for photosynthesis.
- List the products and reactants of photosynthesis.
- Describe how to test a leaf for starch.
- Describe how a plant uses minerals for growth.
- Explain the role of stomata in leaves.

#### **Variation & Inheritance**

- Explain the role of gametes in fertilization.
- Describe how variation is caused and what a gene bank is.

- Represent chemical reactions using word equations.
- Describe the steps in making a salt in a neutralisation reaction
- Describe the reactivity series.
- Describe simple displacement reactions when given the order of metals and carbon in the reactivity series.
- Describe how metal oxides and nonmetal oxides react with water
- Describe that during chemical reactions, surroundings may increase or decrease in temperature
- State that during chemical reactions reactants become products.

#### Acids & Alkalis

- Identify acids, alkalis and neutral substances on the pH scale.
- Describe how to use Universal indicator to find the strength of an acid or an alkali.

#### **Earths Structure**

- Label a basic diagram showing the make up of the structure of the Earth.
- Compare the layers of the Earth.
- Describe the process of weathering and erosion.

## **Heating & Cooling**

- Describe the transfer of energy by conduction, convection, radiation using particle theory.
- Explain a heating and cooling curve.
- Describe applications of thermal insulators.
- Describe what happens to particles as a substance expands.
- Explain conduction. convection and radiation in terms of particles.

#### Electricity, Energy Transfer & Cost

Describe what a higher power rating is and explain the effect of higher power ratings on cost, and wasted energy

#### **Speed & Acceleration**

- Describe changes in relative motion.
- Describe factors that can affect an object's speed.
- · Calculate average speed.

### Conclusion and evaluation

Scientific skills

- Interpret patterns and trends in data using scientific knowledge.
- Conduct basic calculations on data such as mode, median, mean.
- Define accuracy, precision, repeatability, reproducibility and objectivity.
- Explain random and systematic error.

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in cells.

Describe organisation of

multicellular organisms.

Descriptors of Key Knowledge Skills and Understanding	for Key Stage 3
What do students know and what can they	do?

#### Chemistry **Physics Scientific skills Biology** Describe the structure of Describe some properties of **Moments** DNA and describe various different materials e.g.: ceramics, polymers and composites. Describe the role of levers. collaborations by other scientists in the field. Describe the stages of the rock cycle Explain how variation can be and how different types of rock are Work continuous or discontinuous formed. Calculate work done on an **Climate & Earths Resources Evolution** obiect. Describe how variation Name the main elements in the Waves - Light enables some organisms to atmosphere and Earth, including carbon based compounds. better compete in their Describe how light behaves in Describe that the Earth's resources relation to different materials. habitats. • Describe how to make Explain how competition can are limited. lead to extinction, referring to Describe what is meant by an 'ore' secondary colours of light. natural selection where and state two ways the metal can be Draw ray diagrams. possible. extracted. State the law of reflection. Explain the importance of Describe the composition and Describe absorption, dispersion, biodiversity within an structure of the atmosphere. reflection, refraction and how Describe ways that human activities we see colours. ecosystem. impact on the climate. State the functions of parts of Describe the stages of the carbon Cells the human eye. Describe traverse waves, with cycle. Be able to identify and Describe the impact of human reference to oscillations and describe the roles of parts of a activities on the carbon cycle. energy. • Recognise Superposition. plant and animal cell on a Identify carbon 'sinks' and how this affects the levels of CO2 in the diagram. Waves - Sound Compare structure and atmosphere. function of animal and plant Describe the reflection of an cells. Describe the role of diffusion observed wave in water.

applications of absorbing sound. culum is all about power. Decisions about what knowledge to teach are an exercise of power and therefore a weighty ethical responsibility." Taking

Label compressions and

Describe echoes and

rarefactions.

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Descri	Biology	Chemistry	Physics	Scientific skills			
(Projected Grades 3 - 5 at GCSE)	<ul> <li>Movement</li> <li>Describe the functions of the musculoskeletal system.</li> <li>Describe the functions of various tissues within the musculoskeletal system.</li> <li>Explain how parts of the musculoskeletal system work together.</li> <li>Describe how to measure forces exerted by muscles.</li> <li>Human Reproduction</li> <li>Describe stages of menstrual cycle.</li> <li>Describe the stages of pregnancy and birth for animals.</li> <li>Describe how substances are exchanged between mum and fetus.</li> <li>Plant Reproduction</li> <li>Describe the functions of various tissues within a flowering plant.</li> <li>Explain how plants rely on pollination by wind and insects.</li> <li>Describe the process of fertilization and germination in plants.</li> <li>Culum is all about power. Decisions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>State the relative sizes of an atoms particles</li> <li>List examples of atoms, elements and compounds.</li> <li>Label the subatomic particles of a simple atomic model.</li> <li>Explain the differences between atoms, elements and compounds.</li> <li>Represent compounds using chemical formulae.</li> <li>Describe how the properties of metals and non-metals make them suitable for different uses.</li> <li>Represent chemical reactions using word equations.</li> <li>Particle Model</li> <li>Describe and explain the properties of the three states of matter using the particle model.</li> <li>Identify and predict the state of substances dependent on the temperature.</li> <li>Describe diffusion in terms of the particle model.</li> <li>Suggest factors that affect the rate of diffusion.</li> <li>Describe changes of states with reference to energy changes.</li> <li>Use the particle model to explain states, state changes, density and diffusion.</li> </ul>	The state of the s	ghty ethical responsibility." Taking			
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Descriptors of Key Knowledge Skills and Understanding for Key Stage 3 What do students know and what can they do?

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Key Stage 3 Descriptors	Biology	Chemistry	Physics	Scientific skills
- Securing + (Projected Grades 3 - 5 at GCSE)	<ul> <li>Interdependence</li> <li>Explain how organisms are adapted to their environment.</li> <li>Make and interpret simple food chains.</li> <li>Construct and interpret food webs.</li> <li>Describe how organisms are adapted to survive in a habitat.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describe how to separate mixtures.</li> <li>Describe how impurities may affect boiling and melting points of impure substances.</li> <li>Explain how melting points can be used to identify a pure substance.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Energy Stores</li> <li>Describe different energy resources.</li> <li>Recall forms of potential energy.</li> <li>Describe situations where energy is transferred, wasted and dissipated</li> <li>Calculate useful and dissipated energy in a system.</li> <li>Calculate efficiency.</li> </ul> Universe <ul> <li>Describe what is meant by a star, constellation, galaxy, solar system and universe.</li> <li>Describe celestial bodies in order of size.</li> <li>Describe how seasons are caused.</li> <li>Explain what causes a leap year.</li> <li>Identify the phases of the moon.</li> </ul>	

#### Digestion

- Name most of the organs that make up the digestive system.
- Briefly describe the role of some of the key organs in the digestive system.

#### **Breathing & Respiration**

 Name some tissues involved in gas exchange.

#### **Plants & Photosynthesis**

- Understand that photosynthesis is essential for life on Earth.
- State the raw materials needed for photosynthesis.
- Label some parts of a cross section of a leaf.
- Recall that photosynthesis is essential for life on Earth.

#### **Variation & Inheritance**

- Know that genetic information is inherited.
- Give examples of features that can be inherited.

## Periodic Table/Metals & Non Metals

 Identify where metals, non-metals, periods and groups can be found on the Periodic Table.

#### **Chemical Reactions**

- State that some materials (particularly metals) are more reactive than others.
- Identify a chemical reaction based on a temperature change, colour change etc.

#### Acids & Alkalis

 Recognise that different acids and alkalis have different strengths.

#### **Earths Structure**

- List the parts which make up the structure of the Earth.
- Name the three different types of rocks.

## Electricity

- Identify a series and a parallel circuit from a diagram.
- State what is meant by p.d and know that current in a series circuit does not change.
- Name component symbols.

#### **Magnets & Electromagnets**

List uses of electromagnets and recognise how they work.

#### **Heating & Cooling**

- Recognise that energy is conserved or transferred, and that heat is transferred by convection, conduction and radiation.
- Give examples of insulators

#### **M**oments

State what a moment is

#### Waves - Light

- Label part of a diagram that shows reflection and refraction.
- Identify parts of the eye.

#### Method

**Scientific skills** 

-Select appropriate apparatus to use and use it appropriately. Follow a set of teacher based instructions to complete an investigation safely.

#### **Recording results**

-Record data in a table provided. Correctly use some units.

#### Graphs

- -Label axes
- -Plot data as a bar chart if a scale is provided.

#### Conclusion and evaluation

- -- Be able to read data from a bar chart or line graph.
- -Identify simple patterns and trends in data to state a simple conclusion.

Descriptors of Key Knowledge Skills and Understanding for Key Sto	ıge
What do students know and what can they do?	

Biology	Chemistry	Physics	Scientific skills
Evolution	Climate & Earths Resources	Waves - Sound	
<ul> <li>Describe factors that could lead to extinction of a species.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>List human activities that impact on the climate.</li> <li>Name some resources that humans use from the Earth.</li> </ul>	State that sound waves are longitudinal.  Pressure	
<ul> <li>List the main parts of a cell, and name some tissues and organs.</li> <li>From a diagram identify various organ systems.</li> <li>Understand that materials can move across a cell membrane by the process of diffusion.</li> <li>Give examples of materials that may need to move across</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Atoms, Elements &amp; Compounds</li> <li>Can identify some elements based on their chemical symbol.</li> <li>Can recognize substances classed as an element, compound or mixture.</li> <li>List the properties of metals and non-metal.</li> </ul> Particle Model	<ul> <li>Describe how floating or sinking is dependent on density.</li> <li>Calculate density.</li> <li>Explain some applications of changing pressure.</li> <li>Calculate the size of pressure.</li> <li>Recognise the effect of changing pressure on an object, and when pressure increases or decreases.</li> </ul>	
a cell membrane by diffusion.	Describe the properties of the three states.	Forces	
<ul> <li>Give examples of some muscles that make up the musculoskeletal system</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Represent the three states of matter with particle diagrams.</li> <li>State that during changes of state, there are energy changes.</li> </ul> Separating Mixtures	<ul> <li>Identify contact and non contact forces.</li> <li>State the unit of measurement for forces.</li> <li>Describe simple changes in motion.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Name the organs in the reproductive system.</li> <li>Describe the functions of some key organs in the reproductive system.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describe what a pure substance and a mixture is.</li> <li>Identify simple techniques for separating mixtures.</li> </ul>	Name the force that holds all the celestial bodies in orbit.	

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Descriptors of Key Knowledge Skills and Understanding for Key Stage 3	
What do students know and what can they do?	

Biology		Chemistry		Physics		Scientific skills
that pass fetus.  Plant Repr  Label sor flowering  Interdeper  Describe habitat.  Briefly de numbers affect the Give exa organism	ne parts of a splant.  Indence  Conditions within a escribe how the of one organism can enumbers of another. Imples of resources smay compete for.	s about what knowledge	to teach are an e	on a diagram.  State that the its axis and int deduce day lei length of various and interest of the control of	for measuring  e celestial objects  Earth is tilted on terpret data to another and year ous planets.	ghty ethical responsibility." Taking
	Curriculum Seriously' – Counsell, C (2018)					

Key Stage 3	

'Below GCSE Grading) Emerging

#### What do students know and what can they do? Chemistry **Scientific skills Physics Biology** Method **Digestion** Periodic Table/Metals & Non **Electricity** Metals - Ask questions based on List the contents of a balanced Recall that circuits must be behaviour of the world and follow Know elements are located in the complete. diet. a set of instructions safely. State the units for current, Name the main organs making periodic table. -Name apparatus. up the digestive system. resistance and potential Acids & Alkalis difference. **Recording data**

Descriptors of Key Knowledge Skills and Understanding for Key Stage 3

## **Breathing & Respiration** Name some organs involved in gas exchange.

## **Plants & Photosynthesis**

- State the raw materials needed for photosynthesis
- · Label the main organs of a plant and describe the role of the roots, leaves and flower.

#### Inheritance & Variation

 Give examples of variation within a species.

## Cells

- State what cells are. Name equipment used to view cells.

#### **Earths Structure**

alkali.

Identify the three rock layers of the Earth.

• Use an indicator to determine

whether a substance is an acid or an

Be able to state the three different types of rock.

#### Climate & Earths Resources

Describe ways that humans use the Earth as a source of resources and these are limited.

#### **Atoms, Elements & Compounds**

- Can recognise that all matter is made of atoms.
- Name some elements and compounds.
- List examples of mixtures.

**Magnets & Electromagnets** 

- Name types of magnets. Know that like poles repel and
- opposite poles attract. • Name the three magnetic materials.

#### **Heating & Cooling**

Cost

• Use a thermometer correctly

## **Electricity, Energy Transfer &**

Identify that appliances have

power ratings (W, kW).

## **Speed & Acceleration**

Describe what speed is.

• Understand that light travels at

Waves - Light

#### - With support, record data in a

pre-given simple table.

## Graphs

-If a scale is provided, add bars to a bar chart.

#### Conclusions and evaluations

-Simply state what happened in an experiment.

Recognise that different materials have different properties. a faster rate than sound.

• Identify objects that form culum is all about power. Decisions about what knowledge to teach are an exercise of power and therefore a weighty ethical responsibility." Taking Curriculum Seriously' – Counsell, Č (2018)

age 3 ptors	Descriptors of Key Knowledge Skills and Understanding for Key Stage 3 What do students know and what can they do?				
Key Stage 3 Descriptors	Biology	Chemistry	Physics	Scientific skills	
- Emerging + (Below GCSE Grading)	<ul> <li>Movement</li> <li>Understand that some muscles are stronger than others.</li> <li>Human Reproduction</li> <li>Give examples of harmful substances that can pass from mother to fetus.</li> <li>Plant Reproduction</li> <li>Name some tissues that make up a flowering plant.</li> <li>Interdependence</li> <li>Give examples of factors that could affect a population size.</li> <li>Give examples of habitats.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Name the three states of matter.</li> <li>List the changes of state.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>State how sound is produced.</li> <li>Understand that sound can not travel through a vacuum due to the absence of particles.</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Give examples where pressure can be increased or decreased.</li> <li>Forces</li> <li>Name some simple forces.</li> <li>Energy Stores</li> <li>Recognise what energy is and where it is stored.</li> <li>Universe</li> <li>State the length of a day, month and year.</li> <li>Know that gravity always pulls towards the centre of an object.</li> <li>List planets in and seasons in order.</li> </ul>		